



# Tech Talk: Types of Glass

## Soda lime silicate glass

Soda lime silicate glass is the most prevalent type of glass used in general architectural and automotive applications. It is composed of about 70% **silica** (silicon dioxide), 15% so**da** (sodium oxide), and 9% **lime** (calcium oxide), with much smaller amounts of various other compounds. Architectural applications include glass railings, facades, skylights, storefronts, elevator enclosures. Automotive applications include windshields and transportation windshields and passenger windows and doors.

#### **Borosilicate glass**

Borosilicate glass has a very low coefficient of thermal expansion, making it more resistant to thermal shock. Boric acid is added to the glass mixture. Applications include oven doors, microwave appliances, fireplace panels, photovoltaics

### Aluminosilicate glass

Aluminosilicate glass contains aluminum oxide (20-40%). This type of glass has greater chemical durability than soda lime silicate and borosilicate glass and can withstand higher temperatures. Applications include electronic displays, touchscreen devices, optical components. Aluminosilicate glass is also used in aerospace applications.

## **Glass Composition**

Compound	Soda lime silicate Glass (%)	Borosilicate Glass (%)
Silicone Dioxide (SiO2)	69	80.6
Boron Trioxide (B2O3)	1	13
Sodium oxide (Na2O)	1.3	4
Aluminum Oxide (Al2O3)	4	2.4

## **Glass Properties**

Properties	Soda lime silicate	Borosilicate	Aluminosilicate
Softening point	740 °C	820 °C	852 °C
Annealing point	546 °C	560 °C	613 °C
Strain point	514 °C	518 °C	563 °C
Transformation temperature range	520-550 °C	525-560 °C	575 -600 °C